



**REGIONAL REGULATION
MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY
NUMBER 2 YEAR 2015**

CONCERNING

**MANAGEMENT AND
UTILIZATION OF SURF
TOURIST ATTRACTION**

**GOVERNMENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY
YEAR 2015**

**REGENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS
WEST SUMATRA PROVINCE**

**REGIONAL REGULATION OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY
NUMBER 2 YEAR 2015**

**CONCERNING
MANAGEMENT AND UTILIZATION OF SURF
TOURIST ATTRACTION**

WITH THE BLESSING OF GOD ALMIGHTY

REGENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS,

- Considering : a. that the natural-resource wealth is a gift of God Almighty whose utilization is done synergistically and the result is used for the welfare of society;
- b. that with the growing development of tourism, especially surf tourism, it is necessary to manage and utilize the surf Tourist Attraction;
- c. that based on the considerations as referred to in letter a and b, it is necessary to stipulate a Regional Regulation on the Management and Utilization of Surf Tourist Attraction;
- In view of : 1. Law No. 49 Year 1999 concerning the Formation of Melawai Islands Regency (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1999 Number 177, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 898) as amended by Law No. 9 Year 2000 concerning the Amendment of Law No. 49 Year 1999 concerning the Formation of Melawai Islands Regency (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2000 Number 76, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3964);
2. Law No. 31 Year 2004 concerning Fishery (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2004 Number 18, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4433) as amended by Law No. 45 Year 2009 concerning the Amendment of Law No. 31 Year 2004 concerning Fishery (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2004 Number 154, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5073);

3. Law No. 33 Year 2004 concerning Fiscal Balance between Central Government and Regional Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2004 Number 126, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4438);
4. Law No. 24 Year 2007 concerning Spatial Planning (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2007 Number 61, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4725);
5. Law No. 27 Year 2007 concerning Coastal Areas and Small Islands (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2007 Number 84, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4739) as amended by Law No. 1 Year 2014 concerning the Amendment of Law No. 27 Year 2007 concerning Coastal Areas and Small Islands (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 2, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 590);
6. Law No. 10 Year 2009 concerning Tourism (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2009 Number 11, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4966);
7. Law No. 32 Year 2009 concerning Environmental Protection and Management (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2009 Number 140, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5059);
8. Law No. 12 Year 2011 concerning Establishment of Laws and Regulations (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2011 Number 82, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5234);
9. Law No. 23 Year 2014 concerning Local Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 244, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5587) as amended by Law No. 9 Year 2015 concerning the Amendment of Law No. 23 Year 2014 concerning Local Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2015 Number 58, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5679);
10. Government Regulation No. 27 Year 1983 concerning the Implementation of the Criminal, Procedure Code (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1983

Number 36, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3258) as amended by Government Regulation No. 58 Year 2010 concerning the Amendment of the Implementation of the Criminal, Procedure Code (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2010 Number 90, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5145);

11. Government Regulation No. 19 Year 1999 concerning Pollution Control and/or Marine Damage (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1999 Number 155, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3816);
12. Government Regulation No. 36 Year 2002 concerning the Rights and Obligations of Foreign Ships in Carrying Out a Peaceful Traffic through Indonesian Waters (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2002 Number 70, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4209);
13. Government Regulation No. 36 Year 2002 concerning the Rights and Obligations of Foreign Ships and Aircraft when Exercising the Right of Archipelagic Sea Lanes Passage through Established Archipelagic Sea Lanes, (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2002 Number 71, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4210);
14. Government Regulation No. 60 Year 2007 concerning the Conservation of Fishery Resources (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2007 Number 134, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4779);
15. Government Regulation No. 50 Year 2011 concerning the National Tourism Development Master Plan 2010-2025 (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2011 Number 125, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5262);
16. Government Regulation No. 27 Year 2012 concerning Environmental Permits (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2012 Number 48, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5285);

With the approval of
REGIONAL HOUSE OF PEOPLE'S REPRESENTATIVES
MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY
and
REGENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS
HAS DECREED:

To stipulate : REGIONAL REGULATION CONCERNING
MANAGEMENT AND UTILIZATION OF SURF TOURIST
ATTRACTION

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Part One

Meaning

Article 1

The terminologies used in this Regional Regulation mean:

1. Region is Mentawai Islands Regency.
2. Regent is the Regent of Mentawai Islands.
3. Regional Government is the Regent and Regional Officials as the elements of regional government.
4. Department of Culture, Tourism, Youth and Sports, hereinafter referred to as Budparpora is Department of Culture, Tourism, Youth and Sports Mentawai Islands Regency.
5. Tourism is a travel activity undertaken by a person or group of people by visiting a particular place for recreational purposes, personal development, or studying the unique tourist attractions being visited.
6. Agency is a group of people and/or capital that is a unity, whether doing business or not doing business including Limited Company, Commanditaire Vennootschap, other Company, State-Owned Enterprise (BUMN) or Regional-Owned Enterprise (BUMD) with any form, firm, partnership, co-operative, pension fund, association, partnership, foundation, mass organization, socio-political organization or other organization, institutions and other agencies including

collective investment contracts and permanent establishments.

7. Surfing is a sport undertaken on the water by standing on a sliding board while moving in rhythm with the speed of the waves.
8. Surf tourist attraction is the spot or known by the coordinate spot of the presence of surfing waves on the territorial waters of the sea.
9. Surf tourism is a sports activity conducted by a person above the surfing waves with the goal of enjoying and satisfying the needs of surfing.
10. Exclusive tourism is specially managed and limited tourism with regard to the environmental carrying capacity.
11. Environmental carrying capacity is the ability of the environment to support the life of human beings and other living things.
12. Surf boat is a vessel with a function of transportation for surfers which has facilities exceeding other domestic vessels.
13. Surf tourist accommodation business is the business of providing lodging services for surfers consisting of; resort hotels, villas and tourist cottages that can be complemented by other tourism services.
14. Resort hotel is the provision of accommodation for tourists by highlighting the natural scenery and architecturally has a building period with the function of space that can be separated.
15. Villa is the provision of accommodation in the form of a single building that can be equipped with facilities, entertainment activities and other facilities.
16. Cottage is the provision of accommodation in the form of residential buildings inhabited by the owner and used partly for rent by providing opportunities for tourists to interact in the daily life of the owner.
17. Surfing tourism service, hereinafter referred to as tourism business, is the organization of surfing tour and surfing travel agent.
18. A surfing tour organization is a business of providing travel planning services and/or services and surfing tourism organization.

19. A surfing travel agent is a business of booking facilities, such as ticket and accommodation reservations and accomplishment of travel documents for surfing.
20. Mooring Buoy in the tourist area is a floating device where surf boat is moored.
21. The community is a society composing of indigenous people and local people who live in the marine tourism destination area.
22. Indigenous people are local communities gathered in the Mentawai traditional community.
23. Local people are people living locally.

Part Two

Scope

Article 2

- (1) The scope of management and utilization of surf tourist attraction includes:
 - a. management of surf tourist attraction, surf boat, surfing accommodation services; and
 - b. utilization of surf tourist attraction by the tourists
- (2) Management and utilization as referred to in paragraph (1) are done by the regional government.

Article 3

Regional Government authorities in the management and utilization of surf tourist attraction are:

- a. determination of the name and location of surf tourist attraction;
- b. determination of the carrying capacity for utilization of surf tourist attraction spots;
- c. guarantee on the continuity of surf tourist attraction;
- d. the establishment of regional legislation;
- e. provision of recommendation and/or permit of utilizing surf tourist attraction spots to the surfing tourism businesses
- f. settlement of conflicts between communities and surfing tourism businesses;

- g. development and supervision of the surf tourist attraction
- h. management of information of the surf tourist attraction

Part Three

Basis

Article 4

Management and utilization of surf tourist attraction are held based on the basis of;

- a. usefulness;
- b. fair and equitable;
- c. balance;
- d. continuity;
- e. participative; and
- f. sustainability.

Part Four

Function and Objective

Article 5

Management and utilization of surf tourist attraction have functions to:

- a. create order, certainty, and satisfaction;
- b. maintain regional environmental quality.

Article 6

Management and utilization of surf tourist attraction aims to:

- a. encourage an investment climate growth in the service sector and/or other eco-based tourism businesses;
- b. provide direction and focus on the integration of management and utilization of tourist attraction;
- c. push the economic growth of the community ahead and develop micro and small business;
- d. expand and distribute opportunities for employment and employment evenly;

- e. optimize the utilization of surf tourist attraction;
- f. increase local revenues in order to support the increased capability and independence of regional authors; and
- g. realize the utilization of the results of management and arrangement of surf tourist attraction in order to improve the welfare and prosperity of the community.

Part Five

Principles

Article 7

- (1) Management and utilization of surf tourist attraction are based on the following principles:
 - a. maintaining environmental sustainability;
 - b. consider the carrying capacity of surf tourist attraction;
 - c. ensure the exclusivity of surf tourist attraction;
 - d. contribute to the region to push the development ahead;
 - e. empower local communities;
 - f. ensure the creation of justice in utilizing surf tourist attraction.
- (2) Actualization of the principles of management and utilization of surf tourist attraction as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be implemented by all stakeholders of tourism actors.

CHAPTER II
MANAGEMENT

Part One

The Role of Regional Government

Article 8

In the management and utilization of surf tourist attraction, regional government plays a role to:

- a. supervision, development, service, coordination, sanction, facilitate disputes for micro/small/medium enterprises, individuals and communities, tourism businesses with legal status;
- b. provide protection and legal certainty to any person and/or business entity that utilizes and organizes activities on surf attractions.

Part Two

Management of Surf Tourist Attraction

Article 9

- (1) Management of surf tourist attraction shall be conducted by the regional government.
- (2) The management of surf tourist attraction as referred to in paragraph (1) may be provided to business entities.
- (3) Management of surf tourist attraction shall be based on the management plan of surf tourist attraction.
- (4) Management plan as referred to in paragraph (3) shall at least contain zoning to the surf tourist attraction.
- (5) The management plan of surfing tourism as referred to in paragraph (4) is further stipulated by a Regent Regulation/Decree.

Part Three
Supervision and Control

Article 10

- (1) Supervision on the management and utilization of surf tourist attraction shall be carried out in a coordinated manner by related institutions in accordance with their authority.
- (2) The supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) is led by Budparpora.
- (3) Supervision by the community can be done through the submission of reporting and or complaint to the authorities.
- (4) Further provisions concerning technical supervision shall be governed by a Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER III
UTILIZATION

Part One
Rights and Obligations

Article 11

Each surfing tourist is entitled to obtain:

- a. Accurate information on surf tourist attraction;
- b. Tourism services in accordance with the standards;
- c. Legal and security protection;

Article 12

- (1) Each surfing tourist is obliged to:
 - a. maintain and preserve surf tourist attraction;
 - b. contribute to a safe, orderly, clean, well-mannered atmosphere at the surf tourist attraction.
 - c. comply with all applicable regulations within the Mentawai Islands Area;
 - d. maintain and respect the religious norms, customs, cultures, and values of those that live in the local community;

- e. maintain and preserve the environment;
 - f. participate in maintaining environmental order and security; and
 - g. participate and prevent any form of violation of decency and unlawful activity.
- (2) Each surfing tourist must register themselves at the Information Center of Tourism or facilities appointed by Budparpora.

Part Two

Utilization of Surf Tourist Attraction

Article 13

- (1) The utilization of surf tourist attraction by surfers shall be regulated by the Regional Government.
- (2) The arrangement as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be stipulated for;
- a. accommodation surfers;
 - b. boat surfers; and
 - c. other surfers..
- (3) The utilization as referred to in paragraph (2) is stipulated as a percentage quota;
- a. accommodation surfers allocation is 50%;
 - b. boat surfers allocation is 30%;
 - c. other surfers allocation is 20%.

Article 14

- (1) The utilization of surf tourist attraction shall comply with the provision of carrying capacity on the surf tourist attraction.
- (2) The provision of carrying capacity as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be further regulated by a Regent Regulation/Decree.

Article 15

- (1) Each tourist who uses surf spots in Mentawai Islands shall be levied on the basis of the length of the visit.

- (2) The duration of the visit as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be determined on a maximum of 15 (fifteen) days and may be extended.
- (3) The extension of duration of visit shall be levied in the same amount.
- (4) Levies as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be regulated by a separate Regent Regulation/Decree.

CHAPTER IV

NAME AND LOCATION OF SURF TOURIST ATTRACTION

Article 16

- (1) The Name and Location of the Surf Tourist Attraction are controlled by the Regional Government.
- (2) The Name and Location of the Surf Tourist Attraction as referred to in paragraph (1) are contained in the Appendix which is an integral part of this Regional Regulation.
- (3) Additional points to the name and location of the surf spot as referred to in paragraph (1), this shall be stipulated later by a Regent Regulation/Decree.

CHAPTER V

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES OF SURF BOATS

Article 17

- (1) Each surfing tour shall be registered at Budparpora.
- (2) The procedure of registration as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation/Decree.

Article 18

- (1) Any boat carrying surfers shall register at the Information Center of Tourism in Tuapejat.
- (2) Each surf boat can carry a maximum of 10 (ten) surfers.
- (3) Each surf boat is required to moor on the Mooring Buoy that has been provided.

Article 19

- (1) Each surfing travel service business shall be registered at the Budparpora.
- (2) The procedure of registration as referred to paragraph (1) shall be regulated by a Regent Regulation/Decree.
- (3) Each travel service company shall register his guests at the Information Center of Tourism in Tuapejat.
- (4) Each travel service company shall comply with the provision of carrying capacity of surf tourist attraction.

Article 20

- (1) Each accomodation service provider for surfers should pay attention to the:
 - a. Regional carrying capacity
 - b. Provision of disaster facilities
- (2) Accommodation facilities for surfers consist of:
 - a. resort hotel;
 - b. villa; and
 - c. cottage;
- (3) Accommodation facilities as referred to in paragraph (2) apply the minimum rates for surfing guests, namely:
 - a. Resort hotel has minimum rate for surfers of IDR 2,000,000 (two million rupiah) per person/day;
 - b. Villa has minimum rate for surfers of IDR 1,000,000 (one million rupiah) per person/day; and
 - c. Cottage has minimum rate for surfers of IDR 500,000 (five hundred thousand rupiah) per person/day.
- (4) Minimum rates for non-surfers are governed by a Regent Regulation/Decree.

Article 21

The accommodation facilities as referred to in Article 20 shall comply with the provisions of:

- a. A Resort hotel can accept maximum 20 surfers per visit;
- b. A Villa can accept maximum 10 surfers per visit;

- c. A Cottage can accept maximum 8 surfers per visit.

Article 22

- (1) In order to develop the tourism industry of Resort Hotels as referred to in Article 21 letter a Resort Hotels shall be responsible to partner with cooperatives as well as small and medium micro enterprises.
- (2) Further provisions concerning the partnership as stipulated in paragraph (1) shall be regulated by a Regent Regulation/Decree.

CHAPTER VI PROHIBITION

Article 23

- (1) Each person and/or persons in charge of business and/or management activities of surf tourist attraction shall be prohibited from committing acts that could cause marine pollution and damage the mangrove ecosystem.
- (2) Each person and/or persons in charge of business and/or management activities of surf tourist attraction shall be prohibited from disposing of waste, and shall comply with the requirements of seawater quality standards, waste water quality standards, emission quality standards and other provisions in accordance with the prevailing laws and regulations.
- (3) Each person and/or person in charge of business and/or management activities of surf tourist attraction shall be prohibited from committing acts that could cause damage to the sea; either to the coral reef or to other marine biota.
- (4) Each person is prohibited from damaging some or all of the physical surf tourist attraction.
- (5) Damaging physical surf tourist attraction as referred to in paragraph (4) is doing destructive acts to coral reef, removing marine biota and creating environmental pollution.

Article 24

The Regent may prohibit any person and/or business entity or service that exploits and manages the surf tourist attraction in any case not in accordance with established rules and procedures.

CHAPTER VII

ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS

Article 25

- (1) Any violation of the provisions as listed in Article 17, Article 18, Article 19, Article 20, Article 21, Article 22, and Article 23 shall be liable to administrative sanctions.
- (2) Administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (1) are in the form of warnings, lockout, administrative fines, and/or prohibitions to operate in the Mentawai Islands Area.
- (3) Further provisions on administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated by a Regent Regulation/Decree;

CHAPTER VIII

CLOSING

Article 26

- (1) Cottages having facilities under the minimum service level shall be given an opportunity to adjust within 2 (two) years after the stipulation of this Regional Regulation.
- (2) Regulation on the implementation of this Regional Regulation shall be stipulated no later than 6 (six) months since the enactment of this Regional Regulation.

Article 27

This Regional Regulation shall come into force on the date of promulgation.

For public cognizance, instruct the legislator of this Regulation with its settlement in the Regional Sheet of Mentawai Islands Regency.

Stipulated in Tuapejat

On date May 8th, 2015

REGENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS

YUDAS SABAGGALET

Enacted in Tuapejat

On date May 8th, 2015

REGIONAL SECRETARY

MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY

IFDIL GUSTI

REGIONAL GAZETTE OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS OF 2015 NO. 2

REGISTRATION NUMBER FOR REGIONAL REGULATION OF
MENTAWAI ISLANDS WEST SUMATRA: (2/2015)

EXPLANATION
ON
REGIONAL REGULATION OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS REGENCY
NUMBER 2 YEAR 2015
CONCERNING
MANAGEMENT AND UTILIZATION OF SURF TOURIST
ATTRACTION

I. GENERAL

The potential of surf attraction in Mentawai Islands Regency supports investment growth in the tourism sector. Indications are recognised from the development of resort hotel accommodation business which is always increased every year. The movement of foreign tourist arrivals based on Budparpora data participates in the growth of the potential of surf attraction owned by Mentawai Islands Regency with an increasing trend ranging from 3000 to 4000 people every year. The impact of the increase in foreign tourist arrivals is followed by an increase in the number of surf boats.

However, surf attraction has its limitations and cannot be used in large-scale. One surf spot can only accommodate between 5 and 10 people at a time. Utilization that exceeds the carrying capacity at each surf spot will result in conflict between surfers. The potential for the arrival of surfers which always experiences a significant increase is feared to create unhealthy competition between tourism entrepreneurs, both in the group of tourist transportation business, tourism travel service and tourist accommodation facilities.

Given the authority of the Regional Government and to anticipate the uncontrollable utilization, the Government of Mentawai Islands needs to make regulatory efforts. In addition, the impact of the regulation can provide legal certainty for the surfers and the business and/or services involved in surfing activities. The other important thing is that maximal regulation can also increase the potential competitiveness of the surf spot. To realize the regulatory efforts, however, the Government of Mentawai Islands regulates the management and utilization of surf tourist attraction in a Regional Regulation/Decree.

II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Self-explanatory

Article 2

Self-explanatory

Article 3

Self-explanatory

Article 4

Self-explanatory

Article 5

letter a

Regularity is the arrangement of surfing wave utilization in order to avoid a struggle that can lead to physical injury and disorder.

Certainty is the provision of guarantees to surfers to get a chance to surf on the desired spots.

Satisfaction is the provision of satisfied services and a sense of security to surfers.

letter b

Maintaining the quality of the area's environment and the excessive utilization by taking the sustainability of nature into account.

Article 6

Self-explanatory

Article 7

Paragraph (1)

letter a

Self-explanatory

letter b

Carrying capacity is the ability of the area to receive a fixed load and moving load

letter c

Exclusivity is the management and utilization by limiting the activity in the surf spot.

letter d

self-explanatory

letter e

Self-explanatory

letter f

Fairness in utilizing the surf tourist attraction is an opportunity to take advantage of surf tourist attraction in accordance with the provisions that have been set by regional government.

Paragraph (2)

Self-explanatory

Article 8

Self-explanatory

Article 9

Self-explanatory

Article 10

Paragraph (1)

Related agencies are police, navy, port, immigration, shahbandar (harbor) administrators.

Paragraph (2)

Self-explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self-explanatory

Paragraph (4)

Self-explanatory

Article 11

Letter a

Self-explanatory

Letter b

Surf tourist services in accordance with the standards are services provided by the Regional Government in providing certainty, satisfaction, first aid medical services on accidents on the utilization of every surf tourist attraction.

Letter c

Self-explanatory

Article 12

Self-explanatory

Article 13

Paragraph (1)

The matters governed by Regent Regulation/Decree on the utilization of surf tourist attraction are the maximum number of surfers who can take advantage of each surf tourist attraction.

Paragraph (2)

Letter a,

Accommodation surfers are surfing travelers who stay at resort hotels, villas and tourist cottages

Letter b,

Boat surfers are tourists who are on surf boat.

Letter c,

Other surfers are surfers outside the resorts and surf boats.

Paragraph (3)

Percentage is the ratio of utilization of surf tourist attraction by surfers on business of providing accommodation, surf boat and other surfing tours.

Article 14

Self-explanatory

Article 15

Self-explanatory.

Article 16

Self-explanatory

Article 17

Self-explanatory

Article 18

Self-explanatory

Article 19

Self-explanatory

Article 20

Paragraph (1)

Letter a

Self-explanatory

Letter b

The provision of disaster facilities is all facilities related to disaster, such as: helicopter pads, transportation facilities, fire poison, and evacuation route facilities.

Paragraph (2)

Letter a

Self-explanatory

Letter b

Self-explanatory

Letter c

Cottage is a means of accommodation for surfers consisting of a community house provided as a place to stay and other accommodation facilities provided by the community. The facilities that must be provided by cottage are regulated in a Regent Regulation/Decree.

Paragraph (3)

The minimum rate is the lowest rate created and enforced by the Government of Mentawai Islands Regency with the aim of avoiding price competition for each hotel, villa and tourist cottage.

Letter a

Self-explanatory

Letter b

Self-explanatory

Letter c

Self-explanatory

Paragraph (4)

Self-explanatory

Article 21

Self-explanatory

Article 22

Self-explanatory

Article 23

Self-explanatory

Article 24

Self-explanatory

Article 25

Self-explanatory

Article 26

Self-explanatory

Article 27

Self-explanatory

SUPPLEMENT TO REGIONAL GAZETTE OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS
REGENCY NUMBER : 2

Appendix : Regional Regulation of Mentawai Islands Regency

Number : 2 Year 2015

Date : May 8th, 2015

Concerning : Management and Utilization of Surf Tourist Attraction

NAME AND LOCATION OF SURF TOURIST ATTRACTION

a. District of North Sipora:

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	Putoutogat Island	Suicides	Right	-2.0284	99.5630
2	Putoutogat Island	Stone	Left	-2.0298	99.5558
3	Putoutogat Island	Ombak Tidur	Right	-2.0263	99.5503
4	West Coat of Potoutogat Island	Ice Lands	Left	-2.0156	99.5453
5	Siburu Island	Ombak Tikus	Left	-1.9684	99.5731
6	Rau Island	Ombak Setan	Left	-1.9695	99.5715
7	Pinilok Island	Pinilok	Left	-2.0390	99.5580
8	Simakakkang	Aloita Backyard	Left	-1.9843	99.6072
9	Mapaddegat Hamlet	Twiggis	Left	-2.0451	99.5536
10	Mapaddegat Hamlet	Telescope	Left	-2.0635	99.5433
11	Pittoijat Island	Scare Crows	Left	-2.1176	99.5251
12	Tanjung Matabbairak	Ombak Ular	Left	-2.1504	99.5251
13	Nuko Island	Nuko	Right	-2.2183	99.5479
14	Batumonga Village	Beach Break	Right and left	-2.2518	99.5744
15	Batumonga Village	Pukarayat	Left	-2.2528	99.5829
16	Ujung Tanjung of Sibesua Island	Bintang	Right	-2.3690	99.8288

b. District of South Sipora:

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	Gobi Bosua Hamlet	Left Lances / Paselatat	Left	-2.3821	99.8374
2	Katiet Hamlet	Right Lances / Puserepangan	Right	-2.3780	99.8267
3	Katiet Hamlet	Hollowtrees/ Sikkailo	Right	-2.3738	99.8601
4	Gobi Bosua Hamlet	Bosowa Break/ Puloinakat	Right and left	-2.3726	99.8176

c. District of North Pagai:

NO	LOKASI	NAMA OMBAK	JENIS OMBAK	LINTANG	BUJUR
1	Tumalei Island	Tumalei	Right and left	-2.6072	99.9839
2	Sibegau Village	Rags Left/ Matorobbibit	Left	-2.7870	99.9885
3	Sibegau Village	Rags Right/ Mangau-ngau	Right and left	-2.7870	99.9881
4	Silabu Sabeu Island	Baby Deres/ Nusa Sabeu		2.7407	99.9902
5	Silabu Bay	Deres/ Blasting		-2.8185	99.9923
6	Silabu Village	Macaronis/ Siniai Pasongan	Left	-2.7891	99.9885
7	Silabu Village	KFC	Left	-2.7932	99.9901
8	Sabeuguggug Island	Columbus/ Tunang Sarei	Left	-2.8257	100.0584
9	Sabeuguggug Island	Greenbush/ Tunang Sitoubo	Left	-2.8367	100.0646
10	Barat Pulau Nusa	Pulau Nusa Right	Right and left	-2.8424	100.1101

d. District of South Pagai

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	Malakopa Village	Roxy I	Left	-2.9527	100.1853
2	Malakopa Village	Roxy II	Right	-2.9478	100.1885
3	Pittoijat Besar Island	Thunder Right	Right	-3.0263	100.1581
4	Sibiigeu Island	Thunder Left	Left	-3.0506	100.1733
5	Solaiu Island	P. Solaiu	Left	-3.2044	100.2964
6	South Solaiu Island	The Hole	Right	-3.2141	100.3052
7	SiBaru-Baru Island	Lighthouse	Right	-3.2904	100.3520
8	South Siumang Timur Island	Siumang Timur Right	Right	-3.2514	100.5274

e. District of Southwest Siberut:

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	South Karamajat Island	4 Bobs	Right	-1.9199	99.3211
2	South Pananggalan Besar Island	No Kandui	Left	-1.9078	99.3155
3	Southeast of Karamajat Island	Rifles	Right	-1.9067	99.3132
4	South East of Karamajat Island	Karambak	Left	-1.9058	99.3126
5	Pananggalan Kecil Island	Sand Island	Right	-1.8953	99.3098
6	Northwest of Karamajat Island	Jhon Kendi	Left	-1.8961	99.2912
7	South Botik Island	P. Botik	Left	-1.8856	99.2823

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
8	Southwest of Mainu Island	P. Mainu	Left	-1.8488	99.3001
9	Northwest of Mainu Island	Gosong Pasir P. Mainu	Left	-1.8452	99.3008
10	The South Sea of Nyangnyang Island	Pitstop Hill	Right	-1.8450	99.2644
11	North Nyangnyang island	Bank Faults & Nipussy	Right	-1.8498	99.2548
12	Northwest of Koraniki Island	Burger world	Right	-1.8365	99.1521
13	South Koraniki Island	Burger world	Left	-1.8315	99.1413
14	Southwest of Nyangnyang island	E-bay	Right	-1.8331	99.2508
15	Southwest of Nyangnyang island	E-bay	Left	-1.8290	99.2508
16	Southwest of Nyangnyang island	Bang-bang	Left	-1.8198	99.2571
17	Southwest of Nyangnyang island	Hideway	Left	-1.8133	99.2620
18	Ujung Tanjung Selatan of Beusag Island	Malilimok	Left	-1.7561	99.2870
19	Karamajat Kecil Island	Karamajat Kecil	Right	-1.9083	99.3142
20	Karamajat	Karamajat		-1.8932	99.3011
21	Pasir Island	Pulau Pasir	Right	-1.8933	99.3121
22	Karamajat	Karamajat		-1.8933	99.3121
23	Mainu Island	Baby Kandui	Left	-1.8603	99.3046

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
24	Mainu Island	Nipusi	Left	-1.8373	99.3006
25	Botik Island	Nipusi	Right	-1.8463	99.2661
26	Muaro Limo Island	Muaro Limo	Right	-1.7880	99.2494
27	Libbut Island	Libbut Left	Left	-1.7599	99.2806
28	Libbut Island	Libbut Right	Right	-1.7589	99.2891

f. District of West Siberut :

NO	LOCATION	NAME OF WAVES	TYPE OF WAVES	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
1	Sakaladdat Hamlet	Sakaladdat	-	-	-

REGENT OF MENTAWAI ISLANDS

YUDAS SABAGGALET